

- 1 Many thought that King James II was not a good king and, for various reasons, he was deposed. In 1688 the throne was offered jointly to his daughter, Mary, and her husband (who was also her cousin), the Dutch prince, William of Orange.
- 2 Mary's sister, Anne, became the next Queen and, under her rule, the Parliaments of Scotland and England were united, forming (with Wales) the nation of Great Britain.
- 3 On Anne's death, the next-in-line to the throne for a Protestant Succession was a distant relative - a German prince from Hanover, who became King George I. He could speak little English and so came to rely more and more on his chief minister of the government who, in George's time, became known as the "Prime Minister". It is because the king could speak little English that power began to change hands from that time on from the king to the elected Prime Minister.
- 4 Yesterday marks the anniversary in 1735 of Number 10 Downing Street becoming the residence for British Prime Ministers.
- 5 *Let us pray:*

**God our Father,
 we pray for all
 who are in positions of leadership
 in our country,
 that they may be inspired
 by the values of the Gospel.**

**We pray that they may live
 as people of integrity and honesty,
 growing in a sense
 of duty and responsibility,
 always being aware of the needy,
 and ready to be of service to others.
 Amen.**

This is an excerpt from the page of this date in
'Praying Each Day of the Year',
a 3-volume book
by Nicholas Hutchinson, FSC.

For details:

<http://www.matthew-james.co.uk/>

Could make use of a search engine
to research this topic further.

This material is part of
the prayer and education website
of the De La Salle Brothers
in Great Britain:
www.prayingeachday.org